Controls to Klondike-Area Gold-Bearing Vein Arrays, Klondike District, Yukon
FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

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About Klondike Gold Corp.

Klondike Gold Corp. (TSXV: KG) has been conducting mineral exploration in the Klondike gold district, Yukon since 1980 and owns continuously held placer and quartz titles dating from 1896; including 5 of the 11 oldest placer titles in the territory.

2014: Klondike Gold elected a new Board of Directors, installed entirely new management, consolidated title ownership of properties, consolidated share structure 1 for 10, completed a series of strategic property dispositions and lease agreements, completed a $2.7M financing, and settled $1.5 M of accrued debts.

2015: Klondike Gold conducted property wide ground magnetics, orthophotography, drilled 19 holes totaling 1450 meters, and completed extensive remediation of old trenched and disturbed sites. 14 of 19 drill holes intersected visible gold.
Tintina Gold Belt Discoveries

Tintina Gold Belt ("TGB"), Yukon

- TGB in Alaska mined ~75 M oz gold over 30 years.
- Alaskan TGB hosts large gold deposits including:
  - Donlin Creek: 37 M oz Au (Barrick/Nova Gold)
  - Livengood: 15 M oz Au (Int’l Tower Hill)
  - Pogo: 6 M oz Au (@19 g/t Au: Sumitomo)
  - Cleary Hill/Too Much Gold: 2 M oz Au* (@34 g/t Au: Freegold)

All are associated with rich placer gold districts.

- Recent TGB discoveries in Yukon include:
  - Golden Saddle: 1 M oz Au (Kinross)
  - Coffee: 4 M oz Au (Kaminak)

- In Yukon since 1897, **20 M oz gold** has been mined from gravels within the Klondike placer gold district.

- **Klondike is one of the largest gold geochemical anomalies on the planet with no identified source(s).**
YUKON PROPERTIES

Quartz Claims
- 1,405 Quartz claims totaling 250 sq km.
  - 100% ownership; no royalties.
  - Properties span the Klondike district.
  - On the outskirts of Dawson. Paved road, power.

Placer Claims
- 353 placer claims totaling 20 sq km.
  - 100% ownership.
  - Indian River/McKinnon Creek leased for 15% production royalty; shown on Discovery Channel. The “Hoffmans”.
  - 2014 KG gold revenues $275,000.
  - 2015 KG gold revenues $525,000
Bonanza Placer Gold Discovery 1896

The names Robert Henderson, Skookum Jim, Tagish Charlie and George Carmack are inextricably linked to the discovery of gold on Bonanza Creek. Henderson was the first to systematically explore the gold bearing potential of the region, only to have the major find elude him. Then on 17 August 1896 Jim struck gold, and with his companions Charlie and Carmack staked the first claims. A few days later at Forty Mile, Carmack in his own name registered the Discovery Claim where this monument stands. Within days Bonanza and Eldorado Creeks had been staked and when the news reached the outside the Klondike Gold Rush was on.

Robert Henderson, Skookum Jim, Tagish Charlie et George Carmack sont intimement liés à la découverte de l’or dans le ruisseau Bonanza. Henderson fut le premier à explorer systématiquement le potentiel de la région, mais la découverte principale lui échappa. Le 17 août 1896, Jim découvrit de l’or et jalonna avec ses compagnons Charlie et Carmack les quatre premières concessions à Forty Mile, Carmack enregistra à son nom la concession de la découverte où s’élève ce monument. En quelques jours, les concessions des ruisseaux Bonanza et Eldorado furent jalonnées. Ce fut le départ de la ruée vers l’or du Klondike.

Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada.
Commission des lieux et monuments historiques du Canada.

20 M oz Placer Production 1960’s view

Where does 20 M oz gold come from?

White Channel gravel, eroded from Klondike Schist into distinct sediment layer 3.5 M yr ago. Transported 10’s to 100 kms.

Bedrock sources, still eroding and accumulating in (very) local gravel. Transported 0.1 to 1’s kms.

East side of Eldorado Creek has no White Channel. West side of Eldorado Creek has White Channel.

How to explore for local gold sources? Is there any reason to explore at all?
Geochemistry? Prospecting?

Looking South Up Eldorado Creek c.1897

Eldorado Creek near Grand Forks 1897
Prospecting on Ridge Crests: 1897 - 2015

- Lone Star Mine
- Violet Mine
- Many prospects and shafts

- Prospecting works.
- Labour intensive!
Lone Star Mine (c. 1910) Quartz Veins

Boulder Lode Open Cut

Historic mined estimate 5 g/t Au

KG samples average ~30 g/t Au in the front wall, from 4 QV’s.

2014 samples of back wall new QV assay ~1 %/t Au.

There are bedrock Au-veins! Local. Obviously.

Why are the veins there?
GSC AIRBOURNE MAGNETICS AND FAULTS

SYN-POST D4+
GEOLOGY AND FAULTS
PLACER PRODUCERS, PLACER EXPLORERS, AND FAULTS
Dextral Fault – Horsetail Structures, Long Lived

- 1500 meters measured lateral displacement on pinnate extension fractures along 50 km fault length
- Estimate 150,000 year to 1.5 M year active displacement.
- Probable 0.5 to 1.0 M yr process
TINTINA GOLD BELT GOLD METALLOGENY

Au Intrusions:
- Casino 8M oz Au
- Coffee 4M* oz Au
- Donlin Creek 37M oz

Au Intrusions or Au-QVs:
- Fort Knox 4M oz Au
- Cleary 2M oz Au
- Pogo 6M oz Au

Orogenic Au-QV’s:
- Klondike 20M oz placer
- Golden Saddle 1M oz Au

Au (Cu) Intrusions:
- Minto 0.8M oz Au / 1.5G lb Cu

Klondike Schist
2015 “Big Picture” Results

Previously unrecognized dextral fault system.
Long-lived faulting c. 0.5M – 1.0M+ years.
Orogenic vein gold model.
Fits with metallogenic criteria; part of a productive epoch.

Coeval with Golden Saddle?
Similar structural situation, vein style, geochemistry.

2015 drilling is first to incorporate this thinking.
No widespread alteration yet, but structural corners untested.
Nugget Zone 2015: Gold Vein Array at Surface

Best chip sample line result: 5.0 g/t Au over 4.7 meters
Nugget Zone
Nugget Zone

MIDDLE DDH SECTION

Upper Vein Array
EC15-04: NSA
EC15-03: 5.3 g/t Au over 7.6 m

Lower Vein Array
Trench: 6.8 g/t Au over 0.3 m
EC15-04: 5.7 g/t Au over 3.0 m
EC15-03: 7.4 g/t Au over 1.8 m
2015 Drill Results: Nugget Vein Array

EC15-03:
4.4 to 12.0 m: 5.3 g/t Au over 7.6 m
22% total QV+altered

EC15-03
4.40  4.70  0.30  15.03
4.70  5.10  0.40  0.01
5.10  5.45  0.35  30.22
5.45  6.20  0.75  0.33
6.20  6.50  0.30  15.47
6.50  7.50  1.00  0.04
7.50  8.50  1.00  0.01
8.50  9.50  1.00  0.02
9.50  9.95  0.45  0.19
9.95  10.20  0.25  37.86
10.20 11.00  0.80  0.15
11.00 11.50  0.50  0.06
11.50 12.00  0.50  22.19
2015 Drill Results: Nugget Quartz Veins

EC15-01: 3.8 to 4.25 m: 40.34 g/t Au

EC15-01: 5.35 to 6.00 m: 16.82 g/t Au
## 2015 Drill Results: Nugget Zone Summary

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Gay Gulch Zone
Gay Gulch Zone

**MIDDLE DDH SECTION**

**Vein Array**

EC15-11: 1.0 g/t Au over 1.85m  
3 quartz veins with visible gold

EC15-10: 75.6 g/t Au over 2.80 m  
Includes 420 g/t Au over 0.50 m  
1 quartz vein with visible gold
### 2015 Drill Results: Gay Gulch

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2015 Drill Results: Gay Gulch Gold

EC15-10: 23.9 to 24.4 m: 419.9 g/t Au
## 2015 Drill Results: Gay Gulch Summary

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Gold in Quartz Veining: Vein Character

Grains
0.3 - 3 mg / kg

Flakes, Nuggets
1 – 5 mg / kg

Clusters of Flakes, Nuggets
5 mg – 1000+ mg / kg

Vein Density is KEY Factor
Visible gold in bedrock veins:
Millimeter-size grains and flakes common. Centimeter-size coarse clots relatively common.

Vein Character:
Brittle, sometimes with brittle ductile character. Gold-bearing veins occur in arrays. Nugget effect, and clusters of nuggets are evident.

Mineral Associations:
Cubic pyrite, galena, chalcopyrite, carbonate (ankerite).

Chemical Associations:
Ag, Te, Pb, Bi, Sb, maybe As?

Host Rocks:
All lithologies do carry veins. Vein development depends heavily on local mechanical-rheologic conditions.
Chief Gulch Placer Discovery Claim 15-Dec-1896

Chief Isaac (front, right) of the Tr’ondëk Hwëch’in, with his brother, Walter Benjamin (l), and son Charlie (r). Chief Isaac led his people through the times of great changes brought by the Klondike Gold Rush. (Yukon Archives, Alaska Historical Library photograph collection, #4231)

By early 1897 the Tr’ondëk Hwëch’in had moved away from Tr’ochëk to a traditional camp downriver called Jëjik Ddhä’Dëmezhu Kek’it (Moosehide).